



HOMEBUYERS TAX CREDIT

BUY A HOME AND YOU GET A
TAX BREAK!

NOW THROUGH APRIL 30, 2010

Qualified **FIRST-TIME HOME BUYERS** can receive a credit of up to **\$8,000**. Qualified **REPEAT BUYERS** can receive a credit of up to **\$6,500** for homes purchased between November 7, 2009 and April 30, 2010.

DON'T MISS THIS OPPORTUNITY!

Call Wayne Barnes - 918-645-1470



BUYING A HOME IS A BIG STEP!

Buying a home is a big step. Fortunately, trained professionals like your **REALTOR® ARE WILLING AND ABLE TO HELP YOU THROUGH THE PROCESS**. In addition to the many benefits of homeownership, the homebuyer tax credit and more affordable prices make now an especially opportune time to purchase. Still, the commitment is a substantial one, and the NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF REALTORS® encourages you to ask questions and be informed about the decision you are making so that the home you buy is a home you can enjoy for years to come.

SAVE NOW WITH THE HOMEBUYERS TAX CREDIT

OTHER RESOURCES FOR FIRST-TIME HOMEBUYERS:

IRS guidance at <http://www.irs.gov/newsroom/article/0,,id=187935,00.html>

http://www.realtor.org/home_buyers_and_sellers

<http://finance.realtor.com/homefinance/guides/buyers/>

<http://www.hud.gov/buying/>

http://www.freddiemac.com/corporate/buying_and_owning.html

<http://beta.ncsha.org/about-hfas/hfa-programs/-first-time-homebuyer-tax-credit-loan-programs>

REALTORS® who have the Accredited Buyer's Representative (ABR®) designation have completed highly specialized training in representing buyers. To find an ABR® in your area and to receive a FREE Homebuyers Toolkit, visit www.REBAC.net.

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A QUICK REFERENCE GUIDE



AM I ELIGIBLE?

First-time homebuyers who purchase a principal residence on April 9, 2008 and before April 30, 2010 are eligible. If you (and your spouse, if married) have not owned your principal residence for a 3-year period before your purchase, and you have never taken advantage of the DC first-time homebuyer credit, you qualify as a first-time homebuyer. Starting November 7, 2009, repeat buyers who have lived in their primary residence for five of the last eight years can also qualify for a tax credit. The credit for repeat buyers also expires April 30, 2010.*

*Current law allows potential buyers who enter into a written binding contract to purchase by April 30, 2010 to close by June 30, 2010 and still claim the credit.

HOW DOES IT WORK?

Like all tax credits, it will **DIRECTLY REDUCE THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF TAXES YOU OWE**. When you file your taxes, for the year you purchased your home, you will be able to subtract the amount of the credit from your Federal income tax liability, increasing the size of your refund or reducing the amount you owe. For example, you file your 'normal' tax return and find that you owe \$2,000 in taxes. With this credit, your tax liability could be lowered by \$8,000—which means, you instead get a \$6,000 tax REFUND check from the IRS.

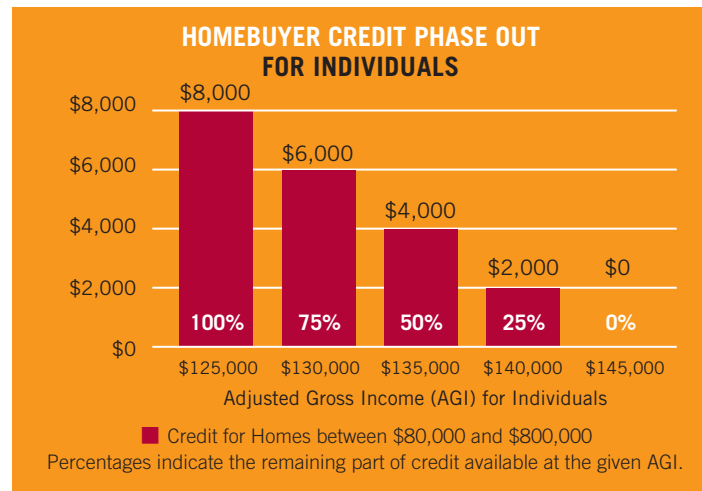
AVAILABLE AT CLOSING!

When the credit was first passed, money was not available until a buyer filed tax forms after the home purchase. Several states – 18 and counting – creatively found ways to make cash available to buyers at closing through their state finance agencies. The Federal government followed suit. On May 29, 2009, the Department of Housing and Urban Development announced guidelines for FHA lenders that enable them to make the credit available to buyers at closing for costs or a down payment above the 3.5 percent required for an FHA insured loan. This means the credit can be available at closing regardless of where you're purchasing if your lender participates in this program. States continue to maintain their credit monetization programs, so check with your state housing finance agency as well as your lender for details.

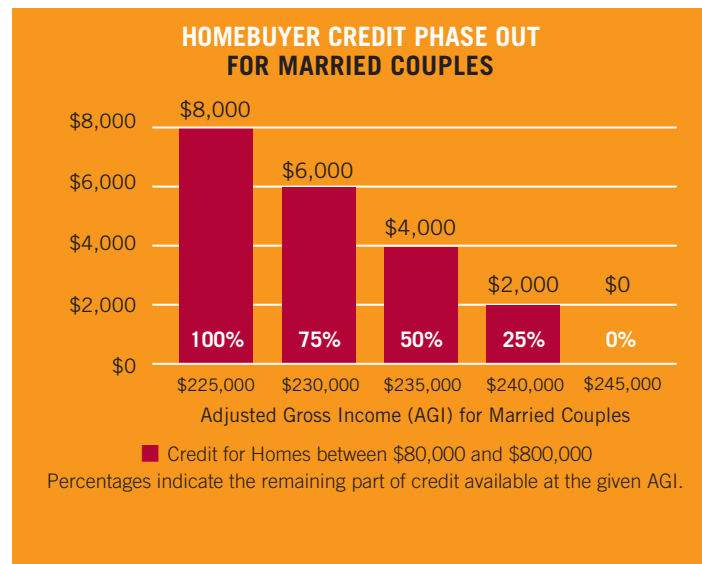
HOW BIG IS THE TAX CREDIT?

THE TAX CREDIT IS EQUAL TO 10% OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF YOUR HOME UP TO \$8,000 FOR FIRST-TIME BUYERS AND UP TO \$6,500 FOR REPEAT BUYERS.

The full credit is available for single individuals whose adjusted gross income is less than \$125,000. If your adjusted gross income is greater than \$125,000 and your home purchase qualifies you for the full credit, the credit phases out according to the dollar amount (or percentage if less than \$8,000 as would be the case for repeat buyers) in the chart below.



For married couples filing jointly, the credit begins to phase out at an adjusted gross income of \$225,000. The dollar amounts in the chart below correspond to a phase out of the full tax credit (percentages are for credits less than \$8,000).



WHAT ELSE IS NEW?

Income limits have been raised for the extended and expanded tax credit (effective November 7, 2009). A new limit of \$800,000 has been placed on the purchase price of homes. The original version of the tax credit had a payback provision. The repayment provision is completely gone from credits for purchases in 2009 and 2010, but a mild recapture provision remains. If you sell your home within 3 years of purchase, the entire amount of the credit is recaptured, that is, the government takes it back. Also, purchases by dependents are not eligible for the credit as of November 7, 2009. Finally, purchase documentation must now be attached with the tax form in order to claim the credit.

ARE THERE OTHER CONDITIONS I SHOULD KNOW ABOUT?

- You cannot claim both the DC and the national First-time Homebuyer tax credit.
- Purchases by non-resident aliens are not eligible.
- 2009 and 2010 purchases financed by proceeds from a qualified mortgage issue are eligible.
- Any single family residence located in the United States that will be used as a principal residence and is under \$800,000 at time of purchase is eligible. Generally, this is the place where an individual spends most of his/her time. This includes single-family detached housing, condos or coops, townhouses or any similar type of new or existing dwelling.
- The credit will not result in an individual owing additional federal taxes under the Alternative Minimum Tax.
- Home purchases between relatives and other gifts of residences are not eligible for the credit.
- Other tax benefits of homeownership are still in place. The mortgage interest deduction, capital gains tax exclusion, and property tax deduction are some well-known examples.
- There is a recapture provision if you sell the home within three years of purchase.

For more specific questions about the tax implications of the credit and your home purchase, please consult a tax professional.